
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FROM THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-7521

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

TEXAS
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

74-1504405
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

19747 HWY 59 N, SUITE 200, HUMBLE, TEXAS 77338
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(713) 672-9433
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

At February 13, 2015, the number of shares outstanding of the issuer’s only class of stock was 6,799,444 shares of Common Stock.

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Part I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS — UNAUDITED

	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 6,960,809	\$ 15,081,024
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for bad debts and cash discounts of \$27,276 at December 31 and March 31, 2014	5,039,602	9,347,289
Inventories	50,820,078	35,288,559
Other	241,347	129,796
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	63,061,836	59,846,668
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:		
Land	1,412,719	1,410,689
Buildings and yard improvements	8,132,755	7,113,482
Machinery and equipment	35,484,369	31,773,161
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(30,302,151)</u>	<u>(28,934,601)</u>
	14,727,692	11,362,731
OTHER ASSETS:		
Cash value of officers' life insurance and other assets	1,120,750	1,075,000
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 78,910,278</u>	<u>\$ 72,284,399</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 13,476,844	\$ 7,206,340
Dividends payable	135,989	135,989
Contribution to profit-sharing plan	190,000	52,500
Employee compensation and related expenses	201,511	375,860
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	14,004,344	7,770,689
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	97,516	189,998
POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS	1,070,680	1,013,056
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock, par value \$1:		
Authorized shares — 10,000,000		
Issued shares — 7,975,160 at December 31 and March 31, 2014	7,975,160	7,975,160
Additional paid-in capital	29,003,674	29,003,674
Treasury stock at cost (1,175,716 shares at December 31 and March 31, 2014)	(5,475,964)	(5,475,964)
Retained earnings	32,234,868	31,807,786
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	63,737,738	63,310,656
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 78,910,278</u>	<u>\$ 72,284,399</u>

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS — UNAUDITED

	Three months ended December 31,		Nine months ended December 31,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net sales	\$23,552,636	\$28,274,696	\$83,001,633	\$84,167,208
Costs and expenses				
Costs of goods sold	22,293,839	26,427,918	78,279,846	78,798,672
General, selling and administrative costs	976,330	1,121,986	3,407,757	3,472,545
	23,270,169	27,549,904	81,687,603	82,271,217
Interest and other income	(15,250)	(15,501)	(45,784)	(46,508)
Earnings before income taxes	297,717	740,293	1,359,814	1,942,499
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes:				
Current	137,591	275,970	617,247	768,149
Deferred	(27,517)	(23,145)	(92,482)	(149,136)
	110,074	252,825	524,765	619,013
Net earnings	\$ 187,643	\$ 487,468	\$ 835,049	\$ 1,323,486
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	6,799,444	6,799,444	6,799,444	6,799,444
Diluted	6,799,444	6,799,444	6,799,444	6,799,444
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.19
Diluted	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.19
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.18

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — UNAUDITED

	Nine Months Ended December 31	
	2014	2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net earnings	\$ 835,049	\$ 1,323,486
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,367,550	1,368,300
Provision for deferred taxes	(92,482)	(149,136)
Provision for postretirement benefits	57,624	52,430
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable, net	4,307,687	4,098,851
Inventories	(15,531,519)	1,191,698
Other	(111,551)	(135,912)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	6,270,504	(4,478,860)
Contribution to profit-sharing plan	137,500	157,500
Employee compensation and related expenses	(174,349)	(215,890)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>(2,933,987)</u>	<u>3,212,467</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(4,732,511)	(368,097)
Increase in cash surrender value of officers' life insurance	(45,750)	(46,500)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(4,778,261)</u>	<u>(414,597)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash dividends paid	(407,967)	(1,631,868)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>(407,967)</u>	<u>(1,631,868)</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(8,120,215)	1,166,002
Cash at beginning of period	15,081,024	15,923,294
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 6,960,809</u>	<u>\$17,089,296</u>

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

CONDENSED NOTES TO QUARTERLY REPORT — UNAUDITED

NOTE A — BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited, condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes of Friedman Industries, Incorporated (the “Company”) included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2014.

NOTE B — INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of prime coil, non-standard coil and tubular materials. Prime coil inventory consists primarily of raw materials, non-standard coil inventory consists primarily of raw materials and tubular inventory consists of both raw materials and finished goods. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or replacement market. Cost for prime coil inventory is determined under the last-in, first-out (“LIFO”) method. Cost for non-standard coil inventory is determined using the specific identification method. Cost for tubular inventory is determined using the weighted average method.

A summary of inventory values by product group follows:

	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014
Prime Coil Inventory	\$16,802,864	\$ 7,685,177
Non-Standard Coil Inventory	2,726,867	2,572,787
Tubular Raw Material	3,025,009	463,254
Tubular Finished Goods	28,265,338	24,567,341
	<u>\$50,820,078</u>	<u>\$35,288,559</u>

NOTE C — SEGMENT INFORMATION (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Nine Months Ended December 31,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net sales				
Coil	\$15,981	\$14,554	\$55,162	\$46,394
Tubular	7,572	13,721	27,840	37,773
Total net sales	<u>\$23,553</u>	<u>\$28,275</u>	<u>\$83,002</u>	<u>\$84,167</u>
Operating profit (loss)				
Coil	\$ 416	\$ (389)	\$ 422	\$ (911)
Tubular	128	1,584	2,225	4,341
Total operating profit	544	1,195	2,647	3,430
Corporate expenses	261	470	1,333	1,534
Interest & other income	(15)	(15)	(46)	(46)
Total earnings before taxes	<u>\$ 298</u>	<u>\$ 740</u>	<u>\$ 1,360</u>	<u>\$ 1,942</u>

	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014
Segment assets		
Coil	\$ 30,178	\$ 22,308
Tubular	40,632	33,795
	70,810	56,103
Corporate assets	8,100	16,181
	<u>\$ 78,910</u>	<u>\$ 72,284</u>

Corporate expenses reflect general and administrative expenses not directly associated with segment operations and consist primarily of corporate executive and accounting salaries, professional fees and services, bad debts, accrued profit sharing expense, corporate insurance expenses and office supplies. Corporate assets consist primarily of cash and the cash value of officers' life insurance.

NOTE D — SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Company paid income taxes of approximately \$688,000 and \$748,000 in the nine months ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Company paid no interest in the nine months ended December 31, 2014 or 2013. Non-cash financing activities consisted of accrued dividends of \$135,989 in both of the nine month periods ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE E — INCOME TAXES

The Company's effective tax rate for the nine months ended December 31, 2014 differed from the statutory rate due primarily to a change in estimate related to state income taxes payable as of March 31, 2014. The Company's effective tax rate for the nine months ended December 31, 2013 differed from the statutory rate due primarily to the benefit of a tax deduction allowed to manufacturing companies.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations

Nine Months Ended December 31, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended December 31, 2013

During the nine months ended December 31, 2014, sales and costs of goods were approximately equal to the respective amounts recorded during the nine months ended December 31, 2013. In the 2014 period, gross profit decreased \$646,749 from the comparable amount recorded in the 2013 period. This decrease in gross profit was related primarily to a decline in margins earned on sales. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased from approximately 6.4% in the 2013 period to approximately 5.7% in the 2014 period. The Company experienced soft market conditions for its products and services in the 2014 period.

Coil product segment sales increased approximately \$8,768,000 during the 2014 period. This increase resulted from both an increase in the average per ton selling price of coil products and an increase in tons sold. The average per ton selling price of coil products increased from approximately \$698 per ton in the 2013 period to approximately \$753 per ton in the 2014 period. Coil tons shipped increased from approximately 66,500 tons in the 2013 period to approximately 73,000 tons in the 2014 period. Coil segment operations recorded an operating profit of approximately \$422,000 in the 2014 period and an operating loss of approximately \$911,000 in the 2013 period. Management believes that the operations of this segment have been adversely impacted in both the 2014 and 2013 periods by soft demand and intense competition for sales. These market conditions appear to be associated with the slow recovery of the U.S. economy and the commoditized nature of the segment's products.

The Company is primarily dependent on Nucor Steel Company ("NSC") for its supply of coil inventory. In the 2014 period, NSC continued to supply the Company with steel coils in amounts that were adequate for the Company's purposes. The Company does not currently anticipate any significant change in such supply from NSC. Loss of NSC as a supplier could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business.

Tubular product segment sales decreased approximately \$9,933,000 during the 2014 period. This decrease resulted from both a decline in tons sold and a decrease in the average per ton selling price. Tubular tons shipped decreased from approximately 53,000 tons in the 2013 period to approximately 45,000 tons in the 2014 period. The average per ton selling price of tubular products decreased from approximately \$712 per ton in the 2013 period to \$614 per ton in the 2014 period. The tubular product segment recorded a decrease in operating profit of approximately \$2,116,000 during the 2014 period. Tubular product segment operating profits as a percentage of segment sales were approximately 8.0% and 11.5% in the 2014 and 2013 periods, respectively. In the 2014 period, the tubular product segment experienced a reduction in tons produced which had the effect of increasing the per ton cost of production and decreasing margins earned. Management believes the lower demand for its tubular products is related to soft market conditions associated with oversupply, foreign competition and the slow recovery of the U.S. economy.

U. S. Steel Tubular Products, Inc. ("USS") is the Company's primary supplier of tubular products and coil material used in pipe manufacturing and is a major customer of the Company's finished tubular products. Certain finished tubular products used in the energy business are manufactured by the Company and sold to USS. Loss of USS as a supplier or customer could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. The Company can make no assurances as to orders from USS or the amounts of pipe and coil material that will be available from USS in the future.

Income taxes in the 2014 period decreased \$94,248 from the amount recorded in the 2013 period. This decrease was related primarily to the decrease in earnings before taxes in the 2014 period.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2014 Compared to Three Months Ended December 31, 2013

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, sales, costs of goods sold and gross profit decreased \$4,722,060, \$4,134,079 and \$587,981, respectively, from the comparable amounts recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2013. The decrease in sales was related to both a decline in tons sold and a decrease in the average per ton selling price. Tons sold decreased from approximately 39,000 tons in the 2013 quarter to approximately 34,000 tons in the 2014 quarter. The average per ton selling price decreased from approximately \$721 per ton in the 2013 quarter to approximately \$684 per ton in the 2014 quarter. The decrease in costs of goods sold was related to the decrease in tons sold and a decline in the per ton cost from approximately \$673 per ton in the 2013 quarter to approximately \$647 per ton in the 2014 quarter. The decrease in gross profit was related to the decrease in sales and a decline in margins earned on sales. Gross profit as a percentage of sales declined from approximately 6.5% in the 2013 quarter to approximately 5.3% in the 2014 quarter. The Company experienced soft market conditions for its products and services in the 2014 quarter.

Coil product segment sales increased approximately \$1,427,000 during the 2014 quarter. This increase resulted from increases in both tons sold and the average per ton selling price. Coil tons shipped increased from approximately 20,000 tons in the 2013 quarter to approximately 22,000 tons in the 2014 quarter. The average selling price increased from approximately \$715 per ton in the 2013

quarter to \$742 per ton in the 2014 quarter. Coil segment operations recorded an operating profit of approximately \$416,000 in the 2014 quarter and an operating loss of approximately \$389,000 in the 2013 quarter. Management believes that the operations of this segment have been adversely impacted in both the 2014 and 2013 quarters by soft demand and intense competition for sales. These market conditions appear to be associated with the slow recovery of the U.S. economy and the commoditized nature of the segment's products.

The Company is primarily dependent on NSC for its supply of coil inventory. In the 2014 quarter, NSC continued to supply the Company with steel coils in amounts that were adequate for the Company's purposes. The Company does not currently anticipate any significant change in such supply from NSC. Loss of NSC as a supplier could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business.

Tubular product segment sales decreased approximately \$6,149,000 during the 2014 quarter. This decrease resulted from both a decline in tons sold and a decrease in the average per ton selling price. Tubular tons shipped decreased from approximately 19,000 tons in the 2013 quarter to approximately 13,000 tons in the 2014 quarter. The average per ton selling price of tubular products decreased from approximately \$727 per ton in the 2013 quarter to approximately \$587 per ton in the 2014 quarter. The tubular product segment recorded a decrease in operating profit of approximately \$1,456,000 during the 2014 quarter. Tubular product segment operating profits as a percentage of segment sales were approximately 1.7% and 11.5% in the 2014 and 2013 quarters, respectively. In the 2014 quarter, the tubular product segment experienced a reduction in tons produced which had the effect of increasing the per ton cost of production and decreasing margins earned. Management believes the lower demand for its tubular products is related to soft market conditions associated with oversupply, foreign competition and the slow recovery of the U.S. economy.

USS is the Company's primary supplier of tubular products and coil material used in pipe manufacturing and is a major customer of the Company's finished tubular products. Certain finished tubular products used in the energy business are manufactured by the Company and sold to USS. Loss of USS as a supplier or customer could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. The Company can make no assurances as to orders from USS or the amounts of pipe and coil material that will be available from USS in the future.

During the 2014 quarter, general, selling and administrative costs decreased \$145,656 from the amount recorded during the 2013 quarter. This decrease was related primarily to decreases in bonuses and commissions associated with the decline in earnings and sales volume.

Income taxes in the 2014 quarter decreased \$142,751 from the amount recorded in the 2013 quarter. This decrease was related primarily to the decrease in earnings before taxes in the 2014 quarter.

FINANCIAL POSITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company remained in a strong, liquid position at December 31, 2014. The current ratios were 4.5 and 7.7 at December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2014, respectively. Working capital was \$49,057,492 at December 31, 2014 and \$52,075,979 at March 31, 2014.

At December 31, 2014, the Company maintained assets and liabilities at levels it believed were commensurate with operations. Changes in balance sheet amounts occurred in the ordinary course of business. Cash was primarily used in the purchase of inventories, payment of dividends and expenditures related to the pipe-finishing facility construction. Prime coil inventory at December 31, 2014 increased approximately \$9,118,000 compared to the respective amount at March 31, 2014. This increase was due primarily to inventory purchases made in December 2014. The Company expects to reduce its prime coil inventory level during the quarter ended March 31, 2015. The Company will continue to monitor, evaluate and manage balance sheet components depending on changes in market conditions and the Company's operations.

The Company has in the past and may in the future borrow funds on a term basis to support cash flow. Currently, the Company is considering short-term financing options to supplement operating cash flow.

The Company is continuing construction of its estimated \$9,200,000 pipe-finishing facility in Lone Star, Texas. As of December 31, 2014, capitalized expenditures related to the construction of the facility totaled approximately \$6,098,000. The Company expects the facility to be completed and operational in the first quarter of fiscal 2016.

The Company believes its cash flows from operations and borrowing capability due to its strong balance sheet are adequate to fund its expected cash requirements for the next 24 months.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. One such accounting policy that requires significant estimates and judgments is the valuation of LIFO inventories in the Company's quarterly reporting. The quarterly valuation of inventory requires estimates of the year-end quantities, which is inherently difficult. Historically, these estimates have been materially correct.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

From time to time, the Company may make certain statements that contain forward-looking information (as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1996, as amended) and that involve risk and uncertainty. These forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, future changes in the Company's financial condition or results of operations, future production capacity, product quality and proposed expansion plans. Forward-looking statements may be made by management orally or in writing including, but not limited to, this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other sections of the Company's filings with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Actual results and trends in the future may differ materially depending on a variety of factors including, but not limited to, changes in the demand for and prices of the Company's products, changes in the demand for steel and steel products in general and the Company's success in executing its internal operating plans, including any proposed expansion plans.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not required

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's principal executive officer ("CEO") and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act), as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2014. Based on this evaluation, the Company's CEO and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2014 to ensure that information that is required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the CEO and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED
Three Months Ended December 31, 2014

Part II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits

- 31.1 — Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, signed by William E. Crow
- 31.2 — Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, signed by Alex LaRue
- 32.1 — Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, signed by William E. Crow
- 32.2 — Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, signed by Alex LaRue
- 101.INS — XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH — XBRL Taxonomy Schema Document
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FRIEDMAN INDUSTRIES,
INCORPORATED

Date: February 13, 2015

By /s/ ALEX LARUE
Alex LaRue, Vice President –
Secretary and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
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101.PRE	— XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document

I, William E. Crow, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Friedman Industries, Incorporated;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: February 13, 2015

/S/ WILLIAM E. CROW
Chief Executive Officer and President

I, Alex LaRue, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Friedman Industries, Incorporated;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: February 13, 2015

/s/ ALEX LARUE

Vice President – Secretary and Treasurer

